## OPINIONS ON NOTE BY NEW YORK MEN

Germany's Reply Is Not Satisfactory.

SOME OF CRITICS HARSH

Following are the opinions of leading

Chancellor Elmer E. Brown of New Chancellor Elmer E. Brown of New York University said: "The note seems to me to be very disappointing in almost every particular. It gives the impression that a great deal of it is directed to public opnion in Germany rather than in the United States. I cannot find anything in it. I hope somebody will be impressed to the university of the president was not advised to the president feels that he could give better and more undivided attention to the subject here than in Washington. The President was not advised to the president feels that he could give better and more undivided attention to the subject here than in Washington. The President was not advised to the president feels that he could give better and more undivided attention to the subject here than in Washington. The President was not advised to the president feels that he could give better and more undivided attention to the subject here than in Washington will be upon the receipt and handling of the will be upon the receipt and handling of the will be upon the receipt and handling of the will be upon the receipt and handling of the will be upon the receipt and handling of the will be upon the receipt and handling of the will be upon the receipt and handling of the will be upon the receipt and handling of the president feels that he could give better and more undivided attention to the subject here than in Washington. Mr. Wilson plans of course to return to Washington and consult his Cabinet and other officials before a final policy is adopted. York University said: "The note seems every particular. It gives the impresson that a great deal of it is directed in the United States. I cannot find anything in it. I hope somebody will be able to find something in it."

Henry L. Stimson, Secretary of War ment specifically on the note, but referred to his Carnegie Hall speech of information received by the President. June 14, in which he took the ground that the sinking of the Lusitania was technically as much a violation of neutral rights as the invasion of Belgium.

Maurice Leon, an authority on international law, at his home at Irvingtonon-the-Hudson, said: "Almost two to leave here for Washington about the months ago the United States called on Germany to make prompt reparation for the massacre of its citizens on the Lusitania and to give full assurance that the lives of American citizens exercising their undoubted rights to travel on belligerent merchant vesels would never again be wantonly taken. The German note just made public rejects both de-

"The President said at the outset that the American Government should not be expected by the Kaiser's Government to omit any word or act necessary to secure compliance with those demands It is fair to say that the President has omitted no word. Fallure to act now could only be construed by the nations of the world as meaning that this country has

forgotten how to act.
"Little else need be said at this time.

Carl Pfister, formerly president of the German Government to protect its own people and it: own army. The proposition of the German Government the United States to protect the lives f American citizens on the seas is so bsolutely fair and practical that any-ody who has in view the welfare of

put forward repeatedly and It seems to me that she has direct answer purposely, with the object of gaining time Jacob H. Schiff declined to express an

ight flouted by Germany. Isn't there tatesmanship enough on either side of the Atlantic to find a way out of this phases?

we won't go to war about t or cut off diplomatic relations or do any other desperate thing. What we will probably do is to send back the ball —perhaps a little harder than the last And then Germany will send it to us—softly but firmly.

s it not about time that the Presilet the rest of the neutral world
Stars and Stripes?

COMMENT IN PARIS.

"Liberte" Predicts That "Grave

Events Are Approaching." Years, July 10.- Declaring that Ger-

ly had defied America the Liberte this noon predicted a crisis in the negotiabetween the two countries as the ult of the latest German note.

Representative Thomas W. Miller firmly supported Rep.) of Wilmington, Del.

### PRESIDENT TO STUDY THE NOTE AT CORNISH

Sentiment Generally Is That He Will Go Over the Berlin Document With Secretary Lansing There—Conference May Take Place To-morrow or Tuesday.

> Germany regarding her submarine warfare will be delayed until President Wilson and Secretary Lansing confer here, probably Monday or Tuesday. The President refused to-night to make any omment on the last German note.

House.

The official note from Ambassador Gerard would probably reach the State under President Taft, refused to com- Department and be deciphered by Monday morning at the latest, is the

> It was also learned to-night that the eturn of the President to Washington depends upon the resutts of his conference with Secretary Lansing. While the tentative plans of Mr. Wilson were to leave here for Washington about the middle of next week, it was indicated tonight that if the President and Mr. Lansing decide that no summary or immediate action is necessary the President's car stopped suddenly at a sharp turn in the road to avoid colliding with a horse and buggy. The other car, bearing five men, turned into the road suddenly from a side road and despite days longer.

Windson, Vt., July 10.—Further steps leisure hours for work, and denying "LISTENING POST" SEIZED in this Government's negotiations with dimself to visitors except those for work and denying "LISTENING POST" SEIZED vited, the President would have more

upon this nation's next move.

The chances appear to favor the President remaining here the larger part of next week. In forming the future course of this

WILSON IN AUTO COLLISION.

President Shaken Up When An-

other Car Runs Into His. WINDSOR, Vt., July 10 .- In an automobile collision early this evening the President Wilson and members of his party homeward from a long ride

dent will probably remain here several quick application of the brakes it could not be stopped until it bumped into the

Police Asked to Cooperate

With Department of Justice

in Investigation.

yesterday and Capt. Williamson told

the story at Quarantine. When the

sugar was being unloaded, he said, one

of the bags burst and a bomb rolled out.

Six bombs were found in this bag and

operate with the agents of the Department of Justice in running down the bomb makers. Mr. Jones said the company had received various warnings that attempts would be made to blow up its ships and expressed the firm conviction

that there is a strong association of "anti-Allies" in New York who are pre-

pared to do any desperate deed in aid

One of the steamship men interested said last night that the identity of the

men in the bomb placing ring and of those who did the actual smuggling of the bombs into the hold of the Kirkos

wald is known to the Government and

behind the campaign, he said, is thor oughly organized and plentifully sup-plied with money. The membership of the group will furnish a sensation, he

said, if made public.

No cranks or insane men of the stamp of Erich Muenter, the man who

tion of seamen sailing out of the por of New York, in order to make it im

news for vessels bound for England

AMERICAN KILLED IN WAR.

Foreign Legion Soldier From In-

diana Reported Dead.

Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN

Paris, July 10.—Private Eggleston an American from Indiana in the Foreign Legion is reported killed. W. W. Page, an American from Wyoming, who has been in a hospital

recovering from a wound, has been re-leased and will proceed to the front.

possible for steamship owners

#### VIEWS OF U.S. PRESS BOMBS FOUND ABOARD SHIPS SHOW BIG PLOT ON GERMAN ANSWER

Continued from Second Page

well known by the German Minister. Acceptance would be a waiver of the right of protest against any future sub-

"Little else need be said at this time. Germany's championship of a Government owned American merchant marine, now openly revealed, while another proof of her meddlesome and dangerous interest in our internal affairs, hardly deserves in our internal affairs, hardly deserves discussion."

Tight of pretest against any future submarine activities.

The move is now up to the President. How he will dispose of it we will not attempt to say. It would be degrading to suggest acceptance in any form. Nothing further is deemed in order than the steamer Kirkoswald before she left this ing further is deemed in order than the steamer Kirkoswald before she left this manner. remark that whatever position he may port for Marseilles on May 2. The take is entitled to the support, moral Kirkoswald arrived in New York again and material, of the American people. the Liederkranz Society, in comment-on the German note said: "In spite-all that has been said it is the duty all that has been said it is the duty and material, of the American people. The situation is a grave one and less than ever is there excuse for boat rock

#### MEMPHIS.

three in another bag. None of them The Press-The German reply is not exploded. the United States can see no reason why the Government of the United States a reply. It is simply a harangue to should not accept the conditions."

The Press—The German reply is not the office of J. W. Elwell & Co., the conditions in this country. The press—The German reply is not the office of J. W. Elwell & Co., the conditions in this country. hyphenated Americans in this country. 17 State street, agents for the Fabre should not accept the conditions."

Frederic R. Coudert of the law firm of Coudert Bros., when reached by telephone at his summer home in Oyster Eay, authorized a one sentence statement on the German note. It was: "I have nothing to say except that it is too insolent for comment."

George Sylvester Viereck, editor of the Fabre Anderdand, found the note absolutely satisfactory. His statement was as follows: "I think the German reply is a moble and inspiring document. It is absolutely satisfactory. Those who find it anything but satisfactory can only be the bullies crazed for war after the type of a certain Oyster Bay politician or men who have failen directly or indirectly under the influence of the billion dicitar powder trust."

It is simply a haradgue on the scountry. It is sample a harangue on it contains a long winded harangue on "military necessity" and "fighting for the sexuse of the line had known that the bombs had been found since the latter part of May, when the Kirkoswald reached goes to war is "fighting for its existorical which are all entitled to violate international law and the rights of neutrals, of what avail is it to be neutral?

The Commercial Appeal—The German note is such as might have been written to China or any other big unprepared country. That we are in a position that a foreign country may write to us as to China is our own fairedly under the influence of the billion dicitar powder trust."

If some say that Germany is insolent, it is because we were not in a position.

directly under the influence of the billion

If some say that Germany is insolent,
it is because we were not in a position,
by being strong on land and sea, where
the Chancellor would weigh most care
that it is because we were not in a position,
by being strong on land and sea, where
the Chancellor would weigh most care
the Chancellor would weigh most care
fully every word, measure the force of
every sentence and the weight of every
proposition, having in mind the power
of the receiver of the note.

Germany is not stund in roll.

New York for Havre on May 7.

The finding of bombs also has been
reported on other vessels; the fire on La
Touraine has never been cleared up and
the Minnehaha fire was caused by an
explosion of some sort in a part of the
explosion of some sort in a part of the
cargo which was not of an explosive
of the receiver of the note.

Germany is not stund in roll.

Elwell Company, agents of the Eabre

of the receiver of the note.

Germany is not stupid in reply. Germany is not stupid in reply.

#### ATLANTA.

Jacob H. Schiff declined to express an opinion on the German reply.

George W. Perkins said: "Although I have read the note over but once, it impresses me as evidencing a desire on Germany's part to reach some satisfactory adjustment of the matter. The German sappear to regard the questions at issue as of serious moment and to have fine tus in the spirit in which our note was written."

Dean George W. Kirchwey of Columbia University said:

The most illuminating fact in the whole situation is that Germany, no matter what her expressed views, is one decree and which he issue of peace and war hanging in the balance, exchanging notes like a game of battledore and shuttle-cock. As Uncle Joe Cannon remarked when he came out of the woods recently, "Too damn many notes." No progress—not a particle—since Germany issued her war zone decree and our Government said we wouldn't stand for it.

"It has from the first been perfectly "It has from the first been perfectly." To see the company and the came out of the woods recently, "Too damn many notes." No progress—not a particle—since Germany issued her war zone decree and our Government said we wouldn't stand for it.

"It has from the first been perfectly with the stream our grown of the first been perfectly in the content of the content of

"It has from the first been perfectly either that Germany would not abandon her submarine warfare. It is equally evident that we cannot allow our citizens to be slaughtered and public right flouted by Germany. Is in them."

attitude of England toward neutral commerce. Unfortunately, no apparent progressions and in the heat of the steamship holds. It also was said yesterment, which continues its interference with our citizens to be slaughtered and public our trade on the seas. Differences with our trade on the seas. Differences with our trade on the seas. Differences with course of the first been perfectly decreased by the season of the season. It is a strained to the season of the season of the season. It is a strained to the season of the season o we are near enough to the one to get busy with the other.

#### DALLAS.

The Times-Herald-The longer one ponders the German reply the more un-satisfactory it becomes. Is there to be a German censorship of the deep for the Stars and Stripes? America is a sover-eign nation and the freedom of the seas the Leavest

tried to murder J. P. Morgan, have any-thing to do either with the directing of The Journal-The German note may make imperative a positive declaration of American rights on the seas, subsequent action by the United States dethere operations or with the operations According to shipping men, the purpose of the plotters was not only the actual destruction of the cargoes of munitions vessels but also the intimidapending upon Germany's observance of

#### NEW ORLEANS.

The Times Picayune-Germany's new Berlin attempted to obtain a tentative likesion to the terms of the note before delivery, but Washington wisely refused enter such negotiations, waiting to see formal text," said the Liberte. "After lines Pleayure—Germany's new-test deliverance upon the issues raised by the Lusitania outrage is even less satisfactory than the first. Its effect will be, we fear, to place the two Governments further apart than every. It is not conceivable that Germany's formal text," said the Liberte. "After month of waiting it has come. It is a lance. The crimes of the submarines lance. The crimes of the submarines lance. American pride will reject the disdain Germany's pretended justificating formal with full confidence that American people await their decision calmly and with full confidence that American rights and the principles of international law and humanity will be

The gravity of the situation may not wisely be underrated. Happily, the way Germany is to be held to strict to an amicable understanding is not yet to an amicable understanding is not yet ability in acordance with the completely closed. Further negotiation it is carlier note concerning the ine warfare, the note just refron Germany accentuates the international situation which international situation which fronted this country since the fit the civil war, when we were brink of a break with England are Alabama matter."

to an amicable understanding is not yet to an amicable understanding is not yet to make the international substitution is possible. Counsels of sanity and moderation are now being heard in Germany. Finally there is the encouraging reflection that for more than sixty days Germany has conducted her submarine warfare without staining her arms and history anew by a repetition of the Lusitania horror.

# FRENCH VICTORY AT **FONTENELLE GROWS**

Booty Taken From Germans Included Large Quantity of Munitions.

PARIS, July 10 .- The fighting about La Fontenelle on Thursday resulted in has heretofore been supposed. Those

greater victory for the French than

consisted of a large quantity of rifles, ammunition, grenades, one 37 millimeter cannon, four mitrailleuses and two bomb

The night communique was as fol-

The Belgian troops repulsed last night an enemy attack on a point d'appui on the right bank of the Yser before the ferryman's house.

On our front an artillery action against the enemy works before Fricourt (in the region of Albert) appears to have done great damage.

On the front of the Aisne there was merely canonnading.

In the Champagne district we become matters by a count of matters to a country of any country of an

came masters by a coup de main of an enemy listening post, of which the occupants were killed or dispersed.

In the region of the Meuse the enemy's bombardment was directed particularly against the positions about Sampigny.

An inventory of the material taken

at La Fontenelle on July 8 shows that the enemy left in our hands one 87 millimeter vannon, four mitrail-leuses, two bomb throwers, a great

oxygen outfit used against asphyxiat-ing gas, a supply of grenades and cartridge of different calibres. In the Vosges the enemy displayed

The afternoon communiqué was as

In the region to the north of Arras certain atempts at attack on the part of the Germans last night directed against our positions on the road from Angres to Souchez were repulsed. At the "Labyrinth" there was fighting last night with hand grenades, but without making a change in the front line of one side or the other.

In the Champagne district, along the front between Perthes and

the front between Perthes and Beausejour, between hill No. 196 and the fort, a German attack was met by the fire of our infantry and artillery and dispersed with percep-tible loses.

In Lorraine the enemy, numbering

a battalion, attacked our positions near Leintrey, but they were re-pulsed.

There is nothing to report other-

wise for the night, with the exception of certain artillery engagements, notably in the forest of Apremont, in the forest of Le Pretre and at Fontenelle, where the enemy did not deliver any counter attack, but contented themselves with directing artillery fire on two different occasions against the positions they had lost.

A recount of the prisoners made in the combat of July 8 gives a total of \$81, including 21 officers.

The French aviators yesterday bombarded the railroad station at Arnaville and Bayonville, as well as the military barracks at Norroy. Twentytwo shells and 1,000 steel arrows were thrown down.

#### KING RETURNS FROM FLEET.

George V. at Buckingham Palace After Visiting Warships.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SEN. LONDON, July 10 .- King George has returned from a visit to the grand fleet under Buckingham Palace.

TURKS CLAIM MANY GAINS. successes on All Fronts Mentioned

> in War Office Report. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BERLIN (via London), July 10.—The Furkish War Office issued the following

tatement at Constantinople to-day: heavy losses to the enemy.

At Sedd-El-Bahr we directed a bomb

attack against the French positions. Throughout the day our right wing re-pulsed artillery and infantry fire. The bomb attacks were continued.

Our Anatolian batteries successfully bombarded the enemy's camp and land-

bombarded the enemy's camp and landing place.

In the Irak Valley there has been an engagement between enemy gunboats and other craft, which sailed up to Euphrates from Bassorah and our gunboats. An English vessel was seriously damaged and had to be taken in tow by other boats. Our losses were nil.

On the Caucasus front a strong division protecting the enemy's left wing is retreating. Enemy cavalry attacks were repulsed.

# Immortalizing the Art of The Pianist

HE art of the pianist which, with its glories of tone, its tremendous force of suggestion, enraptures its hearers, holds great audiences close-bound by its overwhelming power of expressed personality. is yet but momentary, transient-heard for an instant.

Rubinstein's rich, singing tone, Liszt's awe-inspiring technique, the romance and wizardry of Chopin's playing—the beauties wrought upon the keyboard by all the master-musicians of our father's generations, charmed the ears of the scant thousands who could crowd to hear them, and are gone forever. But for the written works left behind them, these men, whose art at the piano achieved such heroic heights, would be unspoken of, unthought of.

Not so with the pianists of this day. The ingenuity of man has made permanent, has immortalized, the art of the pianist. . . . .

A few weeks ago, Camille Saint-Saens paid a brief visit to New York. Saint-Saens is the outstanding personality in the musical activities of France. He is a man of broad accomplishment, of wonderful intellectuality, a great musician, one of the greatest composers of our time, and a pianist of first rank.

He came to Acolian Hall and in a quiet music room

spent several hours at a grand piano playing as, perhaps, he not often has played before. All the soul of the artist. all his power of mind, his utmost resources of pianistic technique were concentrated within those short hours. For Saint-Saens was playing to the whole world and its

An instrument of marvelous ingenuity recorded with the instant precision of electricity his every touch upon key, every subtle variation of power and tempo.

And a few days later, when Saint-Saens himself was thousands of miles from New York, a group of men sat in that same music room listening. Out from the pianoforte floated the majestic harmonies of "Caprice sur les Airs de Ballet d'Alcesta," the reckless dash, the lightning brilliance of the "Rhapsodie d' Auvergne," the graceful beauty of the "Valse Mignonne.

Composition after composition the instrument played, the little audience sitting silent, enraptured, as "fingers of air" touched the keys just as did Saint-Saens days before. Unmistakably it was his art that actuated the keys - the hearers were astounded at the marvelous similitude. Here indeed was the immortalization of the pianist's art; for the Duo-Art Pianola, guided by the artist's record, can duplicate his performance now or an hundred years hence, in a thousand homes or an hundred thousand!

M. Camille Saint-Saens. the famous French pianist and playing upon the recording piano Acolian Hall



Records thus made from the artist's actual interpretations, when placed in The Duo-Art Pianola reproduce his performance with absolute accuracy and civid realism

# The DUO-ART Pianola

"Makes the interpretative art of the great pianists as permanent and available as the written music of the great composers"

THINK of hearing in your own home, at any time you wish, a recital by your favorites of the world's great pianists—the music as real, the expression as vividly human, as if the artists themselves sat at the piano! It is nothing less than this miracle that is made possible by The Duo-Art Pianola. And if you choose, The Duo-Art Pianola is a piano-a Steinway or Weber. An instrument of magnificent tone and perfect action, identical in keyboard and in outward appearance with the Steinway and Weber Pianos you have always known.

Or—it is a player-piano—the most wonderfully perfect of all player-pianos. It provides you with a skill and facility achieved by few students of the pianoforte-its remarkable scope of expression control places at your command every device and means of artistic piano-playing possessed by the best-talented musician. Yet, it is so much simpler than any other player-piano you have ever seen that you will play it well almost from the very first.

The Duo-Art Pianola brings to you the master-work of the great pianists-it gives you the power and ability yourself to read and interpret the works of the great composers—truly this wonderful instrument makes yours the whole of the musical art of all time.

We cordially invite you to come in to hear this newest marrel of the musical world-The Duo-Art Pianola. Informal Recitals are in progress nearly every hour of the day — so opportunity is unlimited. Programs include numbers by the season's most popular concert pianists. Enjoy a half-hour of beautiful and interesting music, and feel not in the least obligated. We are glad to have you know The Duo-Art Pianola whether or not you have an idea of purchase.

The Duo-Art Pianola is made in Steinway and Weber Models. The most liberal terms of purchase are extended, and other pianos or player-pianos are taken in part exchange.

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